



SAMPLE COMPANY PTE LTD

Industry: Building Construction

Latest FY: 2020

Country of Origin: Singapore
Currency: Singapore Dollar (SGD)
Date of Analysis: 12th February 2021

Report Sections:

Financial Insights	p2
Financial Profile	р3
Key Media Findings	p4
Company Sentiments	р5
Industry Sentiments	p6
Country Sentiments	р7
Key Financial Ratios	8q

Brought to you by:



FINANCIAL INSIGHTS











FINANCIAL HEALTHCHECK

Entity may be experiencing some volatility and challenges in its sales and profitability. Sales for the firm had been very neutral and reflected a muted performance. Demand for its goods and services were not apparent. Modest increase in costs was experienced by the firm during the period. The cost of generating additional revenue was slightly higher compared to the previous year. Profit levels remained modest relative to sales. May not be adequately attractive for shareholders who may demand for higher margins. Small decline in profit margins was experienced where this could signify increasing competition and operational costs during the period.

Limited value to shareholders in terms of profitability, margins and liability exposure. The shareholders experienced major constraints to their investments during the period. The valuation of the firm could be eroded significantly because of the decline in ROE. The Shareholder funds of the firm was somewhat average, relative to its total liability exposure during the period. There is very little risk that the liability exposure would affect the firm's underlying valuation for the period. There was a notable decline in the firm's overall profitability compared to the previous period. Profit levels remained modest relative to sales. May not be adequately attractive for shareholders who may demand for higher margins.





Modest increase in costs was experienced by the firm during the period.

48.3%

Business Performance



There was a notable decline in the firm's overall profitability compared to the previous period.

37.9%

Shareholders' Value



There is unlikely to be any movement in the direction of sales for the firm and indicated an indifferent growth position. Little evidence of any demand changes for its goods and services.

60.0%

Risk & Liabilities



In comparison over the two most recent years, the profitability of the firm experienced a notable decline.

47.1%

Productivity

FINANCIAL OUTLOOK



Compare the cost behaviour against sales and profitability performance.

Evaluate major sources of revenue and detect for any significant withdrawal of major clients during the period.

-(3

Assess the market place for products and services which may be used as a replacement or substitute for the firm's existing products and services.

revenues and determine whether any single or significant clients have materially affected the reduced level of sales.

Perform an assessment

of clients contribution to

48.3%

Business Performance

37.9% Shareholders' Value

60.0%

Risk & Liabilities

47.1%

Productivity

Page 2 © MyFinB Group





Was the firm able to generate **higher sales**?



NO

Sales Growth

-0.5%

This indicates where the firm's topline is growing or not and to find out if there are any structural or cyclical factors affecting it.

Did **sales move faster** than cost growth?



NO

Cost Growth /Sales

6.4%

This gives a broad picture if the costs are growing in line with the growth in sales or if the firm is exposed to higher cost structure even if the sales is growing.

Was the company **financially strong** generally?



NO

Credit Score

48.3%

The credit score takes into account balance sheet and P&L of the company. A higher score indicates a stronger credit position.

Was the **exposure to liabilities manageable**?



NO

Liabilities to Equity

130.3%

This reflects the extent the firm is exposed to fixed obligations versus the capital it has built over the years and whether it has adequate buffer.

Was the company relying heavily on short-term obligations?



YES

Current Liability Ratio

0.65

Assesses the proportion of total liabilities that are due in the near term. A secondary measure of liquidity as it does not measure the firm's ability to pay for the liabilities.

Were the **shareholders well rewarded** by the firm's performance?



NO

Return on Equity

6.14%

This measure relates to how much profits the firm is generating for the company's shareholders; a higher ROE needs to be measured against the risks it is taking.

Were the **profit levels growing**?



NO

Pre-Tax Profit

-53.7%

A company that is showing consistent earnings growth indicates a positive outlook. A company that shows negative growth may indicate tougher times ahead.

Were the **assets generating profits**?



YES

Return on Asset

1.8%

This is a measure of how well the firm is utilising its assets to generate profits for the firm. A productive asset backed by a cost-efficient operation is a good indicator of a well-run firm.

Page 3 © MyFinB Group

KEY MEDIA FINDINGS







Is the company operating in a risky industry?

YES



What is the overall sentiment on the industry in the last 12 months?

NEGATIVE



Would the industry situation significantly affect the company?

YES



Is the information about the company readily available?

YES



Is there negative news reported on the company?

NO





Is there negative news reported on the company's officers?

NO

COMPANY SENTIMENTS





SAMPLE COMPANY

WORDCLOUD



The related news extracted has a sentiment score of **8.8**. This means that the overall sentiment or tone of the extracted news is essentially neutral.



Latest News

Is SAMPLE COMPANY A Risky Investment? | Simply Wall St, August 6, 2020

David Iben put it well when he said, 'Volatility is not a risk we care about. What we care about is avoiding the permanent loss of capital.' So it seems the smart money knows that debt — which is usually involved in bankruptcies — is a very important factor, when you assess how risky a company is. We can see that SAMPLE COMPANY does use debt in its business. But the more important question is: how much risk is that debt creating? Why Does Debt Bring Risk? Debt and other liabilities become risky for a business when it cannot easily fulfill those obligations, either with free cash flow or by raising capital at an attractive price. In the worst case scenario, a company can go bankrupt if it cannot pay its creditors. However, a more usual (but still expensive) situation is where a company must dilute shareholders at a cheap share price simply to get debt under control. By replacing dilution, though, debt can be an extremely good tool for businesses that need capital to invest in growth at high rates of return. The first step when considering a company's debt levels is to consider its cash and debt together.

SAMPLE COMPANY seeks extension for disposal of assets competing with SLB unit | Business Times, May 24, 2020

SAMPLE COMPANY has asked for a further extension of time to dispose of competing business in relation to its unit SLB Development, both the mainboard-listed construction firm and Catalist-listed SLB announced on Friday night. The Singapore Exchange said it has no objections to granting an extension, subject to SLB announcing the extended deadline and the rationale for seeking an extension, Lian Beng's plans to fulfil the disposal by the new deadline, and the audit committee's views on whether the extension will be prejudicial to SLB and its minority shareholders. Before SLB was listed in 2018, SAMPLE COMPANY's business had included property development. To mitigate potential conflicts of interest with SLB post-listing, Lian Beng had voluntarily undertaken to dispose of three properties in Australia and wind up or liquidate two companies.

Hit by construction halt, Lian Beng Group earnings fall 12.8% y-o-y in FY2020 | The Edge Singapore, July 29, 2020

SAMPLE COMPANY posted a 12.8% y-o-y fall in earnings to \$28.7 million for the FY2020 ended May 31, although revenue increased 43.8% y-o-y to \$556.0 million for the same period, owing to higher revenue generated from the construction segment. "The higher revenue from the construction segment was due to the progressive revenue recognition of construction projects for about the first 10 months of FY2020. The Group did not record much revenue for the months of April and May as a result of circuit breaker measures implemented by the Singapore government to combat the Covid-19 pandemic," says the company via an SGX filing on July 27. Earnings per share fell to 5.73 cents in FY2020 from 6.58 cents in FY2019. In line with the increase in construction activity following the commencement of new projects, cost of sales outstripped the growth in revenue, rising 54.6% y-o-y to \$471.58 million in FY2020. In light of the above, gross profit increased marginally by 3.3% to \$84.5 million in FY2020 from \$81.8 million in FY2019.

Page 5 © MyFinB Group

INDUSTRY SENTIMENTS





BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

WORDCLOUD



The related news extracted has a sentiment score of **– 24.3**. This means that the overall sentiment or tone of the extracted news is somewhat negative / serious.



Latest News

GlobalData: Singapore construction industry to post V-shaped recovery in 2021 | World Cement, Monday, 24 July 2020

The Singaporean construction industry is expected to post a V-shaped recovery in 2021 with the industry rebounding to post a growth of 11.2%, measured at constant 2017 US dollar exchange rates, following the sharp contraction of 17.8% in 2020. Thereafter, the industry is expected to grow at an annual average rate of 2.7% over the remaining part of the forecast period (2022 –2024) to grow to US\$19.9 billion in 2024, which is still below the 2019 level, says GlobalData, a leading data and analytics company. The unprecedented contraction in 2020 has been driven by a complete halt of construction activities, except for work on some essential projects during the near two-month 'circuit-breaker' period of 7 April to 1 June 2020. Moreover, the unavailability of manpower coupled with supply chain disruptions caused lengthy delays in project implementation.

Construction, F&B services in Singapore see biggest employment declines in Q2 | Straits Times, August 5 2020

The retail trade industry shed 8,000 workers, while food and beverage services saw a plunge of 22,900. The construction sector also saw one of the largest declines in employment, by 13,600 workers. The coronavirus pandemic has hit businesses and workers hard, with those in the consumer-facing and tourism-related sectors bearing the brunt of the hit, as well as those affected by temporary work stoppages. These sectors include manufacturing, construction, wholesale and retail trade, accommodation and food services, and arts, entertainment and recreation, according to the labour market report for the second quarter out yesterday. They were also the most affected by the circuit breaker and safe distancing measures, the report noted. The construction sector saw one of the largest declines in employment, by 13,600 workers, while food and beverage services saw a plunge of 22,900. Workers at construction firms had their labour halted, especially during the circuit breaker months. Straits Construction executive director Kenneth Loo said some staff were put on forms of compulsory leave. Other firms also cut workers' pay.

Pace of transformation for Singapore construction sector to be stepped up | Straits Time, July 27, 2020

THE Ministry of National Development (MND) will step up the pace of industry transformation for the construction sector, to help them get on a stronger footing post-Covid-19. "This includes adopting advanced building technologies to allow for cleaner, higher quality, and less manpower-intensive construction. We will drive research, innovation and digitalisation across the built environment value chain, from construction to property transactions services and facilities management," said Minister for National Development Desmond Lee in his ministry's addendum to the President's Address. "We will also enhance professionalism at all levels across the sector, to create new and better jobs for Singaporeans, guided by a comprehensive Skills Framework. Separately, as part of plans to refresh and enliven community spaces, the government will broaden and deepen community engagement.

Page 6 © MyFinB Group

COUNTRY SENTIMENTS



WORDCLOUD

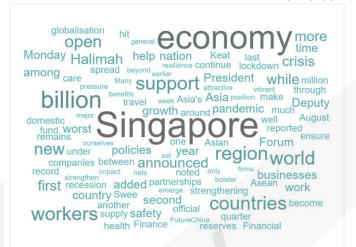


SINGAPORE ECONOMY

SENTIMENT SCORE Impact on the business POSITIVE

Explanation to the score:

The related news extracted has a sentiment score of **16.2** This means that the overall sentiment or tone of the extracted news is somewhat positive / enthusiastic.



Latest News

Singapore must remain open to benefit from Asia's growth: Heng | Business Times, August 10, 2020

Singapore can contribute to and benefit from Asia's growth only if it remains open and connected to the world, while forging new partnerships and evolving its approaches, Deputy Prime Minister Heng Swee Keat said. In a keynote speech at the FutureChina Global Forum on Tuesday, Mr Heng noted that many workers are anxious about their jobs and the benefits of economic openness. "But we must not undermine what has made us successful, by closing ourselves off from the world," said Mr Heng, who is also Finance Minister. "To ensure that the benefits of globalisation remain beneficial to all countries, we will have to restructure our economies and upskill our workers." In Singapore, the government is adjusting its employment policies, upskilling workers and strengthening its social safety nets to ensure they continue to serve the interests of Singaporeans, he said. China, too, is continuing to reform its economy, and President Xi Jinping has spoken about how the domestic market for goods and services and "international circulation" must reinforce each other in the country's new economic model, Mr Heng noted.

Singapore announces another \$5.8 billion to boost its coronavirus-hit economy | CNBC, August 7, 2020

Singapore's Deputy Prime Minister and Finance Minister Heng Swee Keat announced another 8 billion Singapore dollars (\$5.8 billion) to support an economy under pressure from the coronavirus pandemic. The country's open and trade-dependent economy has been among the hardest hit in Asia following lockdown measures around the world aimed at slowing the spread of the coronavirus. Singapore's government has allocated another 8 billion Singapore dollars (\$5.8 billion) to support the economy that has come under pressure from the coronavirus pandemic, Deputy Prime Minister and Finance Minister Heng Swee Keat said Monday. "The resulting economic impact has been severe," Heng, who's also coordinating minister for economic policies, said in a televised address. He added that "the global economy remains very weak" and any recovery "will depend on how well countries contain the spread of the virus."

'Great Urgency' to Make Over Singapore's Economy, Says President | Bloomberg, August 4, 2020

With the coronavirus pandemic threatening the global openness and integration that have allowed Singapore to prosper, President Halimah Yacob said there's "great urgency" to transform the city-state's economy. "Much of our economy thrives because we have made ourselves a vibrant hub for the region and an attractive place for trade, investments, talent and ideas," Halimah said Monday, addressing the first session of parliament since July's general election. "We cannot take our hub status for granted, or assume that its scope and role will remain the same." She said the country will resume air travel safely and help its companies develop links to new markets. Meanwhile, efforts to bolster resilience in critical areas such as food, health care and supply chain management can become new sources of growth, while the Southeast Asian nation will also make a major push for sustainable growth including for green financing across the region, she said.

Page 7 © MyFinB Group

KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS





FINANCIAL DATA

Currency: SGD	2019	2018	% Change
Sales	\$ 201,275,678.00	\$ 202,238,336.00	-0.5%
Profit Before Tax	\$ 11,196,299.00	\$ 24,194,056.00	-53.7%
Profit After Tax	\$7,732,039.00	\$ 17,659,692.00	-56.2%
Total Asset	\$ 420,173,976.00	\$ 368,677,637.00	14.0%
Total Liabilities	\$ 237,720,342.00	\$ 194,069,747.00	22.5%
Current Liabilities	\$ 155,082,125.00	\$ 122,699,512.00	26.4%
Shareholders' Fund	\$ 182,453,634.00	\$ 174,607,890.00	4.5%

PERFORMANCE METRICS

	<u>,</u>	_	
\leftarrow	Ļ	\rightarrow	_
		1	
	1	${\hspace{0.025cm} olimits}$	

Business Potential Ratios



Risk & Valuation Ratios

	%
Rate of Sales Growth	-0.5%
Rate of Cost Growth	6.8%
Cost/Sales Growth	6.4%
Profit Margin (after tax)	3.8%
Profit Margin Growth	-4.9%
Return On Assets Growth	-2.9%
Return on Assets (after tax)	1.8%
Profit Before Tax Growth	-53.7%
Asset Growth	14.0%

	%
Return on Equity (pre tax)	6.1%
Total Liabilities-to-Equity Ratio	130.3%
Profit Before Tax Growth	-53.7%
Profit Margin (after tax)	3.8%
Current Liability Ratio	36.9%
Total Liability Growth vs Sales Growth	23.0%
Rate of Sales Growth	-0.5%

Page 8 © MyFinB Group



MyFinB Group

Singapore

1 Marina Boulevard, Level 20, Singapore 018989

Tel: +65 6932 2658

Email: enquiry@MyFinB.com

<u>Malaysia</u>

MyFinB (M) Sdn. Bhd.

Level 13A, Menara Tokio Marine 189 Jalan Tun Razak, Hampshire Park, 50450 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

Tel: +60 327 173 418

Brought to you by:



enquiry@myfinb.com



f MyFinB



myfinb-group



@MyFinBGroup

DISCLAIMER: The rating scores published by MyFinB are solely statements of opinion and not statements of fact or recommendations to purchase, hold, or sell any securities or make any other investment decisions. Accordingly, any user of scores issued by MyFinB should not only rely on any such scores or other opinion issued by MyFinB in making any investment decision. Scores are based on information received by MyFinB. MyFinB has established policies and procedures to maintain the confidentiality of non-public information received during the scoring process. This report may not be reproduced in whole or in part in any form or manner whatsoever. This report is forwarded to the Subscriber in strict confidence for use by the Subscriber as one factor in connection with rating and other business decisions. The report may contain information compiled from information which MyFinB does not control and which has not been verified unless indicated in this report. Whilst every endeavor is made to ensure that the information provided is updated and correct, MyFinB disclaims any liability for any damage or loss that may be caused as a result of any error or omission arising out of or in any way related to the contents of this report. Certain figures in the financial statements may have been adjusted for analytical classification purposes in accordance with the methodology and research processes.